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**WASATCH STORE COMPANY**  
Stores At Winter Quarters, Clear Creek, Castle Gate and Sunnyside.

## CO-OPERATION HELPFUL IN THE SALE OF WOOL

POOLING OF COMMUNITY CLIP MOST ADVANTAGEOUS.

Sheepmen and Ranchers Generally Can Readily Build Up Reputation and Obtain the Full Market Value—United States Department of Agriculture Offering Excellent Advice.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 7.—The woolgrower who markets his wool as an individual is handicapped, for his clip is likely to be too small to induce the buyers to make any alterations in their accustomed methods of valuing wool. By combining or pooling his wool with other growers and selling it co-operatively it should be possible to prepare the entire clip of any section so that the reputation of its wool would be enhanced and the growers obtain the full market value for their product, says specialists of the United States department of agriculture. In its simplest form, the co-operative selling of wool may operate merely in the collection and disposal of the clip. The wool may be collected at some central point and sold privately or by auction sale or sealed bids. In some cases it may be advisable to have a local representative handle wool for the growers or the wool may be consigned to a merchant in some central market. The latter method requires less actual time, experience, expense and labor.

### How to Organize Clubs.

When farmers of a community desire to combine their wool, some one grower should be designated to act as informal manager. He should make arrangements with all the growers to deliver their wool at a certain shipping point on a specified day. He should be on hand when the wool is graded, if that has been provided for at the grading station, and to see the wool loaded and shipped. This plan provides a nucleus for a permanent organization and is the first step in a more efficient system for marketing wool. The experience gained by one grower's operation under this plan is of ten sufficient to warrant the establishment of a permanent co-operative marketing association. When planning such an association, the growers should meet and discuss the proposed plan thoroughly, appoint a committee to investigate the possibilities, the marketing facilities, shipping conditions, and any other local conditions which demand attention. Much misunderstanding may be avoided by having the plan explained in writing, no matter how simple the co-operative idea may seem. The success or failure of a co-operative organization for the marketing of wool depends upon the necessity for organization, local conditions, organization efficiency and the loyalty of those participating. The most important factor in an organization is the selection of a sales manager having experience in wool and with sufficient business capability to command the confidence of the growers.

### Provision For Expense.

If the members of the co-operative marketing association desire a loan on their wool, arrangements should be made with a local banker to advance to the association a sufficient amount to cover such loans. Each member should be assessed a certain amount for each pound of wool to cover the expense of loading and shipping, this amount to be deducted at the time of final settlement. Funds thus provided may be used for such expenses as labor for handling the wool, fire insurance, rental for warehouse and so forth. In fixing a date for delivery of the wool it should be understood that in case of rain the collecting will be postponed until the first clear day. If possible, arrangements to sell the wool should be made while the grades are present, so that he may represent the growers and explain in an intelligent way to the buyers the merits of the different grades. As a rule, wool-growers have little definite knowledge concerning grading, shrinkage, spinning properties or value of their wool, while the buyers at least most of them are familiar not only with these points, but have accurate information concerning market conditions and the attitude of the manufacturers towards the purchase of wool and particularly the demand for certain grades.

The price paid for wool is determined by the grade of the clip and when selling under the co-operative plan it is frequently possible to have the wool graded at the time it is loaded. This each grower will know before his wool reaches the market, whether it has been graded, cleaned, weighed or not. When a sufficient quantity of wool is pooled some buyers will send a wool clipper or grader to grade each grower's wool separately. If this is done, an accurate record of each farmer's clip should be kept by the manager and a statement sent to the different growers showing the number of fleeces and net weight of each grade. If possible, each grower should be present when the wool is graded, for a few actual demonstrations of this



Buyers Purchasing Wool At Auction Sale.

### SUGGESTIONS FOR PREPARING WOOL FOR MARKET

Wash the sheep when the wool is abundant, dry, enter when there is any moisture in the fleece.

The sheep should be shorn early in a season, dry weather, preferably in a shaded, breezy place, away from the sun.

Clip off locks from each fleece and pack separately. Never permit them to remain in the fleece.

Fleeces should be prepared with the clean side out, never the soiled side.

Fold with, or use fleece bag for protecting the fleece.

The each fleece separately. Never tie two fleeces together, nor pack and market entire wool.

Use only enough twine to tie the fleece securely.

Paper or hard glass surface forms should be used. Never use a flat tin under fleece.

Never permit the fleece to come in contact with shaft, hay, dirt, nor any other foreign material.

Place the final fleece in regulation wool packs or cover them with canvas or new tarping.

Select a clean, dry place for storing the wool until sold. Never permit the wool to lie upon the ground or store it in a basement.

Keep the white and black wool separate. Never permit any portion of black wool to be mixed through the white.

Divide the heavy, soiled, soiled, dead, thick and grey fleeces from the clean, white, well-groomed wool, and pack separately. Never pack all grades together indiscriminately.

Kind impress the grower and will create an incentive to produce wool of a higher grade.

### GOVERNMENT AGENTS GIVE FORESTERS MORE ATTENTION

Notwithstanding the very hazardous condition now prevailing throughout the intermountain country, reports of numerous cases of carelessness with fire within the national forests are being received by the forest officer of the forest service.

A rigorous enforcement of the state and federal laws prohibiting carelessness in use of fire on public lands is today being ordered by the forest service.

In his letter of instruction to the field officers, the district forester calls attention to the fact that the newspapers of the intermountain territory have for years given wide publicity to the need for care in the use of fire on open lands.

In addition, the national forests are plentifully sprinkled with posters and notices quoting the federal laws and the penalties prescribed for violations thereof.

The states also have laws on their statute books to which wide publicity has been given by state officers. Notwithstanding these facts, hundreds of fires due to human agency occur each year and most of them bear evidence of willful neglect or gross carelessness.

The interests at stake are too great to permit a continuance of this condition, and, hereafter, persons guilty of starting forest fires will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

### SCHOOLS SOON TO TAKE CENSUS OF UTAH ALIENS

Final preparations for taking the census of the alien population of school districts throughout the state in accordance with the provisions of the Americanization act passed by the last legislature, have been begun in the sending out of blanks for the census taking work.

The Americanization law, effective in September, requires every alien in Utah except those physically or mentally disqualified, between the ages of 16 and 45 years, who cannot speak, read and write the English language, to attend a public evening school class for at least four hours a week during the entire time an evening school class of the proper grade shall be in session in that district within two and a half miles of the place of residence of the alien, or until the necessary ability has been acquired.

Examination will be held under rules prescribed by the state board of education to determine who shall attend such evening schools. Violation of the law is punishable by a fine of five to twenty-five dollars for each offense.

The per capita consumption of rice in this country for all purposes in years before the war ranged from about six to eight pounds, cleaned weight; sugar ranged from about 80 to 85 pounds; potatoes about 3.4 to 4.4 bushels as the average for the ten years 1905-1914.

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### MUCH DISSATISFACTION EXISTS

Folks Generally Not At All Satisfied With Grazing Act.

Although the government has very generously offered to its citizens the right of acquiring stockraising homesteads of six hundred and forty acres under the act of December 29, 1916, the method is not proving a success, since hundreds of applications are being turned down. This is shown by the records of the Salt Lake City land office. Of the many who have applied there have been few lucky ones and the rest are wondering what is the matter with the interior department of the government.

Hundreds of these applications have been refused at Washington, D. C., within the past month," says Gould R. Blakeley, "and it may be of interest to the public to know the reasons that the department is giving for so doing. The lands to be designated under this act are chiefly valuable for grazing or the raising of forage crops, which contain no merchantable timber, are not susceptible of irrigation from any known source of water supply and are of such character that six hundred and forty acres are reasonably required to support a family.

In practice, it has been found that the applications are being turned down because the applicants have sought to take up six hundred and forty acres adjoining irrigated farms already owned. A second reason is that they seek to acquire ground part of which can be called agricultural land, and the third and main reason is that the department holds that the land is of such nature that six hundred and forty acres would not support a family. There are many appeals from this last reason, since the applicants say they are in better position than the department to know how much land it will take to support them."

Further inquiry from Ralph S. Kelley, chief of the field division of the general land office, indicates that many of these grazing land applications are being held up because they are in conflict with applications under the stock driveway act, which permits stockmen to hold open great tracts of land as driveways for stock from one range to another. This act is given precedence over the other in order that ranges may not be segregated and stockmen cut off in the necessity of moving their cattle and sheep to different parts of the state for summer and winter range.

It reserves the land to the enjoyment of the general public and under the act a great driveway has been established more than a mile wide from Arizona the entire length of Utah into Idaho, with branches running into the state of Nevada.

Zeiders Again Pawing The Air

Tackles Those Men Who Are Halting the Moral Reform.

Using Jack Dempsey, the new world pugilistic champion, as an example of proper force concentration and disciplinary preparation, Rev. Harry T. Zeiders, formerly of Price, delivered an address Sunday night at the Liberty Park Methodist church, Salt Lake City, under the title, "The World's Champion." Indicating that America is leading the world, the latest example being furnished by the championship battle of July 4th, Zeiders proclaimed that the United States, as leader, must also be clean in body and spirit.

With the world champion as an illustration, the speaker contended that the moral forces of the world can accomplish large results in their battle against sin if they will concentrate and subject themselves to discipline. In his denunciation of comparatively idle and unconcentrated moral forces, the speaker did not spare what he called the sleeping church at the pulpit's foot. Too often, he said, the church is indifferently negligent of its duty and the preacher too fearful of offending some person or interests to be really effective against evil.

Pugilistic politicians, he said, who previously interfere with public work along moral lines, were especially criticized as having working in the army of Satan against a better realization of Christian ideals. The speaker said the anarchists were linked together as being of a stripe and were treated unmercifully, as the minister had an example he would handle them "in Dempsey fashion, and also without gloves."

Of course practically all men are liars, but don't those that seem proud of it make you fatigued?

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We have convinced others. We can convince you. Used earnings sold cheap. All kinds of outfitting. We handle the famous Silverton and the Horseshoe corals. Price Rubber Works, Richards & Gidding, Props.

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King,  
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W. S. Avery, Propr.  
HELPER, UTAH

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We are in the market for all the good hogs in Eastern Utah at top prices—delivered at Price or elsewhere. Leave word at Farmers Exchange or call up or address either of us. We are taking anything that is good, either in large or small lots.

E. H. PETERSON.  
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D. HEBER LEONARD.  
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SHIP EVERY TUESDAY

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THE VULCANIZERS.

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Best Workmen and Courteous Treatment. Catering to the First-Class Trade. Barbers in Connection.

PRICE, UTAH

### CAPE AND COAT IN ONE



The cape or coat with the convenience of a hat is being worn by many people. A large number of them is shown in the picture above where a woman is wearing a cape which is a long, loose coat, which falls to her knees. It is made of a heavy material and has a wide collar. The cape is shown in the picture above where a woman is wearing a cape which is a long, loose coat, which falls to her knees. It is made of a heavy material and has a wide collar.

In choosing jackets for youth, look for the right color and style. White jackets should be avoided as they are more likely to be soiled. When the coat is shown in the picture above where a woman is wearing a cape which is a long, loose coat, which falls to her knees. It is made of a heavy material and has a wide collar.



## If Its Worth Having We Have It

The groceries you buy at our store are 100 per cent good. This means 100 per cent clean, 100 per cent edible, 100 per cent dependable and 100 per cent guaranteed.

It is the class of goods you buy that gives you your opinion of a store and we want your opinion of us to be the highest. That is why nothing but the best comes into these houses and the best is almost invariably the cheapest.

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GEO. D. HAYMOND, Supt.